World Weather Research Programme (WWRP)

Gilbert Brunet WWRP/JSC Chair

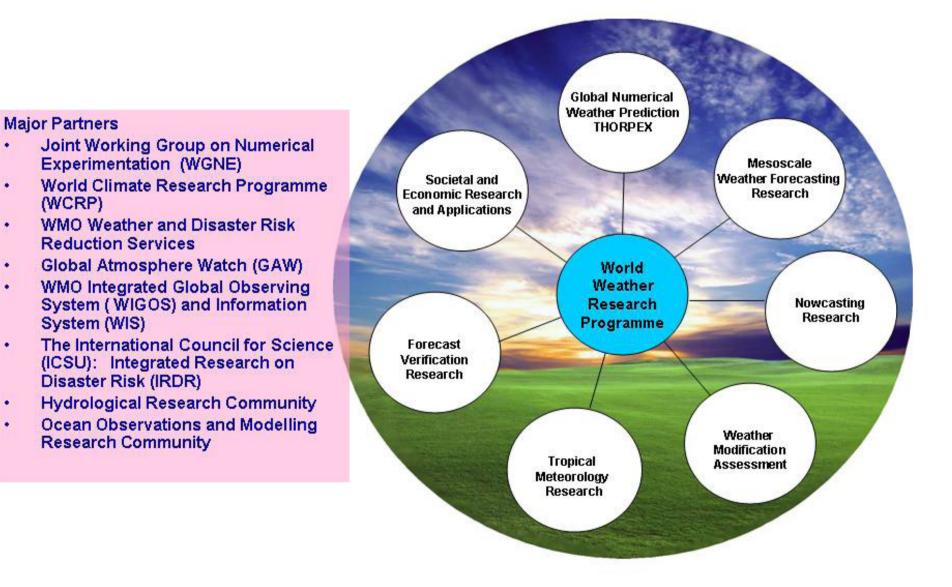
WWRP WWRP

WCRP JSC Committee 34th Session, Brasilia, Brazil, 27-31 May 2013

Long-term objectives of WWRP

- To improve public safety and economic productivity by accelerating research on the prediction of high-impact weather;
- To demonstrate improvements in the prediction of weather, with emphasis on high-impact events through the exploitation of advances in scientific understanding, observational network design, data assimilation and modelling techniques and information systems;
- To improve understanding of atmospheric processes of importance to weather forecasting through the organization of focused research programmes (e.g., WWRP Strategic Plan, RDPs);
- To encourage the utilization of relevant advances in weather prediction systems to the benefit of all WMO Programmes and all Members (e.g., FDPs);
- To maintain a strong focus on training opportunities for young scientists, in particular from developing countries, so that as many countries as possible will be able to contribute to and benefit from the research advances.





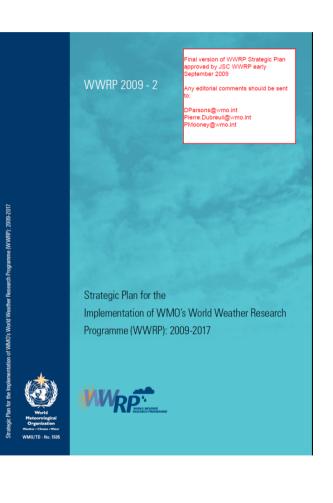
.

WWRP Strategic Plan

The first Strategic Plan for the Implementation of WMO's World Weather Research Programme (WWRP): 2009 – 2017 (WMO/TD-No. 1505).

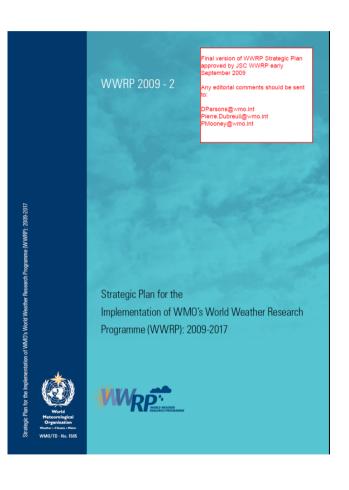
The WWRP strategic plan integrates WMO Member activities in THORPEX, tropical meteorology, mesoscale weather forecasting, nowcasting, verification and societal and economic applications with those of partners in global and regional forecast research and earth observation.

WWO WWRP The plan maintains and reinforces the traditional strong links with GAW, the World Climate Research Programme (WCRP) and other WMO activities.



WWRP Strategic Plan

- Implementation activities outlined in the first Strategic Plan address cross cutting activities at the interface of:
 - nowcasting-mesoscale;
 - mesoscale-global;
 - weather-climate prediction research.
 - research-operations that are related to the delivery of a weather and climate services:
 - ensemble weather prediction systems;
 - tropical convection;
 - sub-seasonal to seasonal prediction;
 - polar prediction.



THORPEX

WWRP

WMO OMM



Accelerating improvements in the accuracy of one-day to two weeks high-impact weather forecasts for the benefit of society, economy and environment

2005



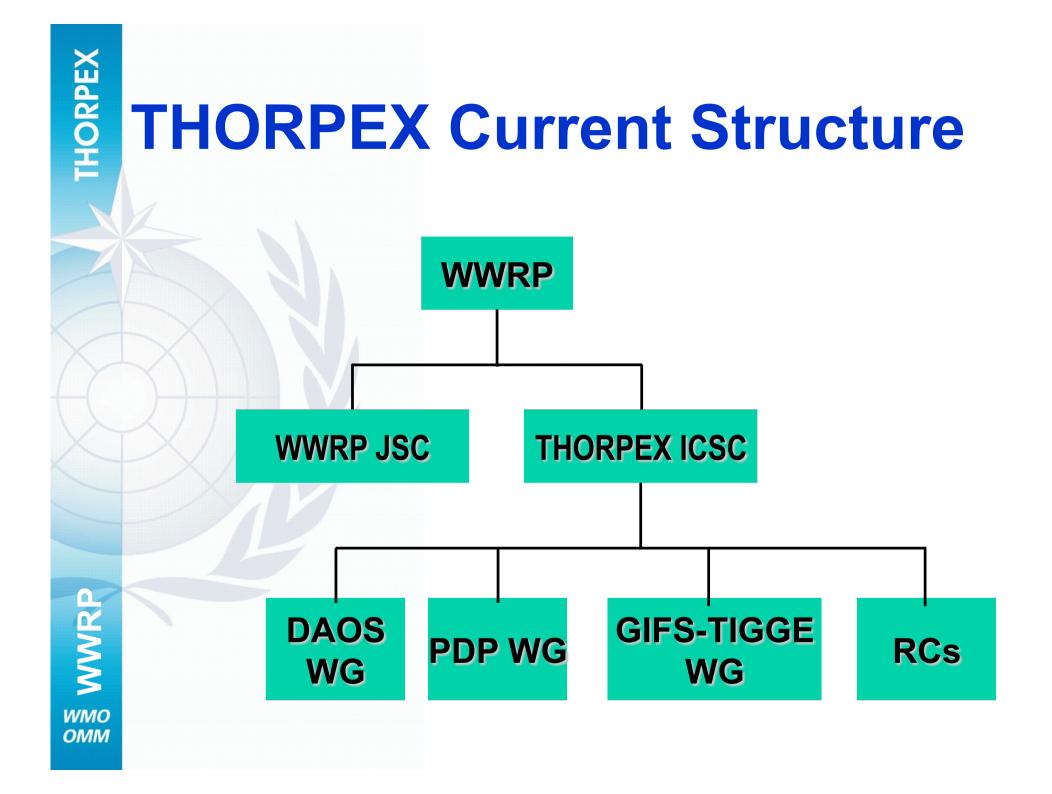
2014

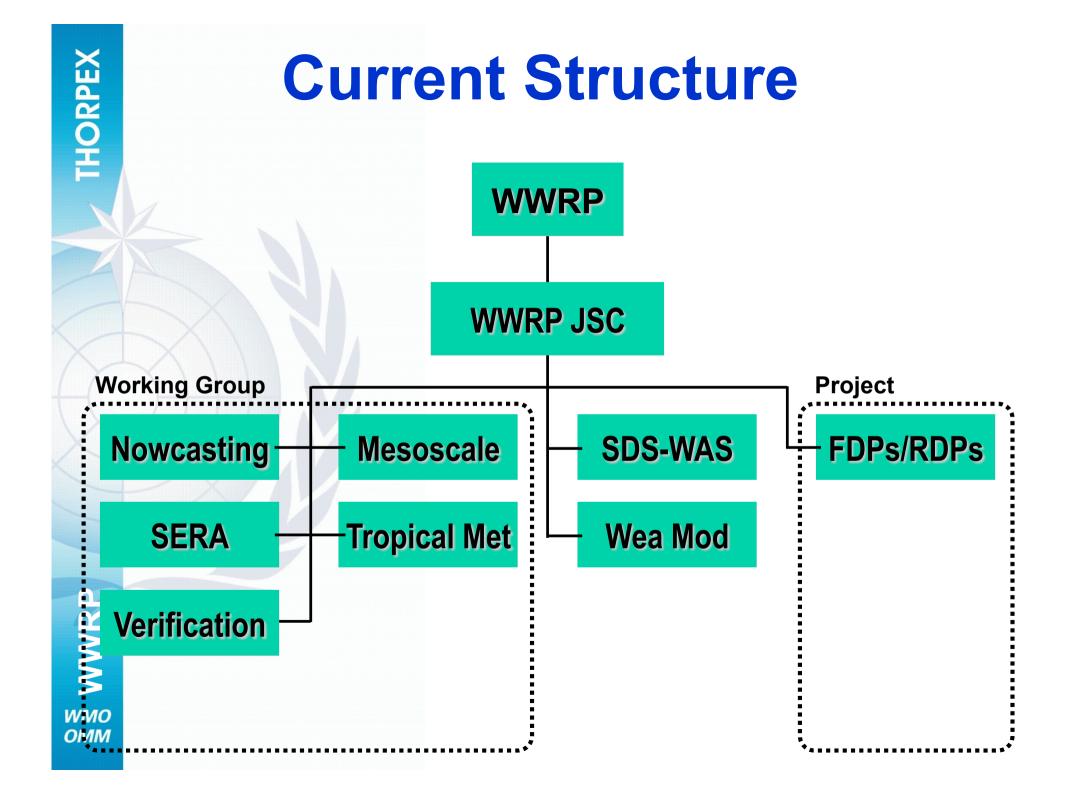
THORPEX Legacy Projects

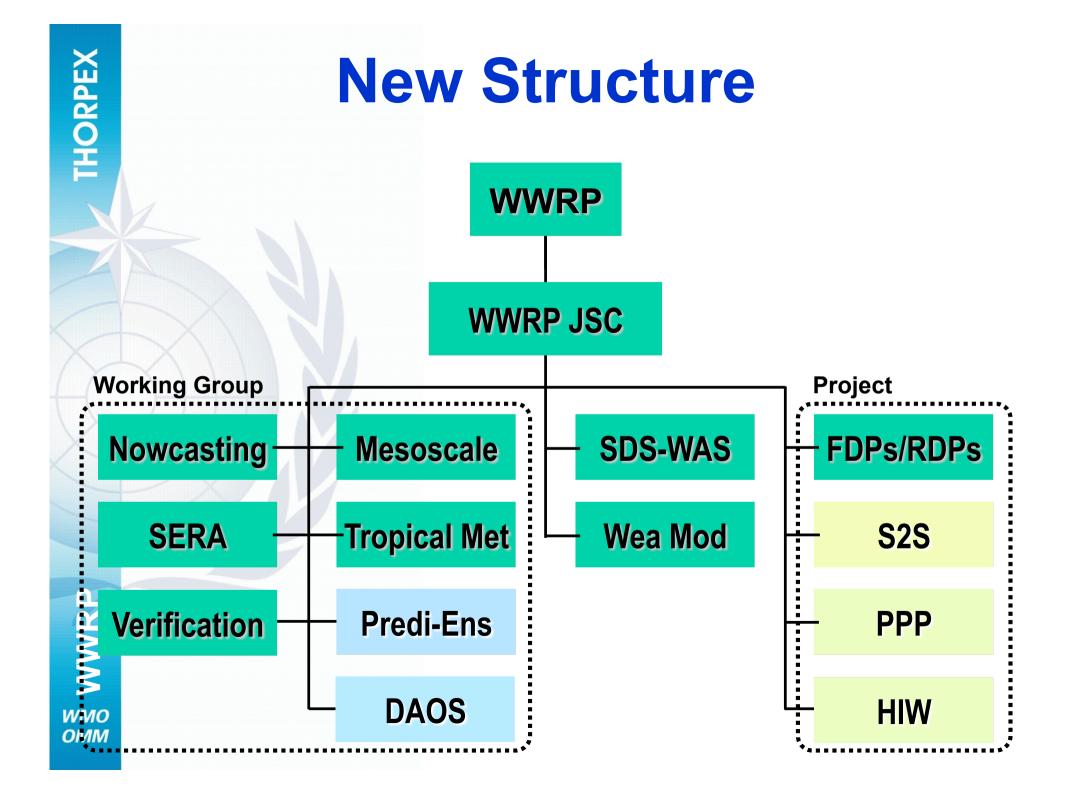
Establishment of three THORPEX legacy projects aligned to the requirements of WMO Members and the GFCS namely:

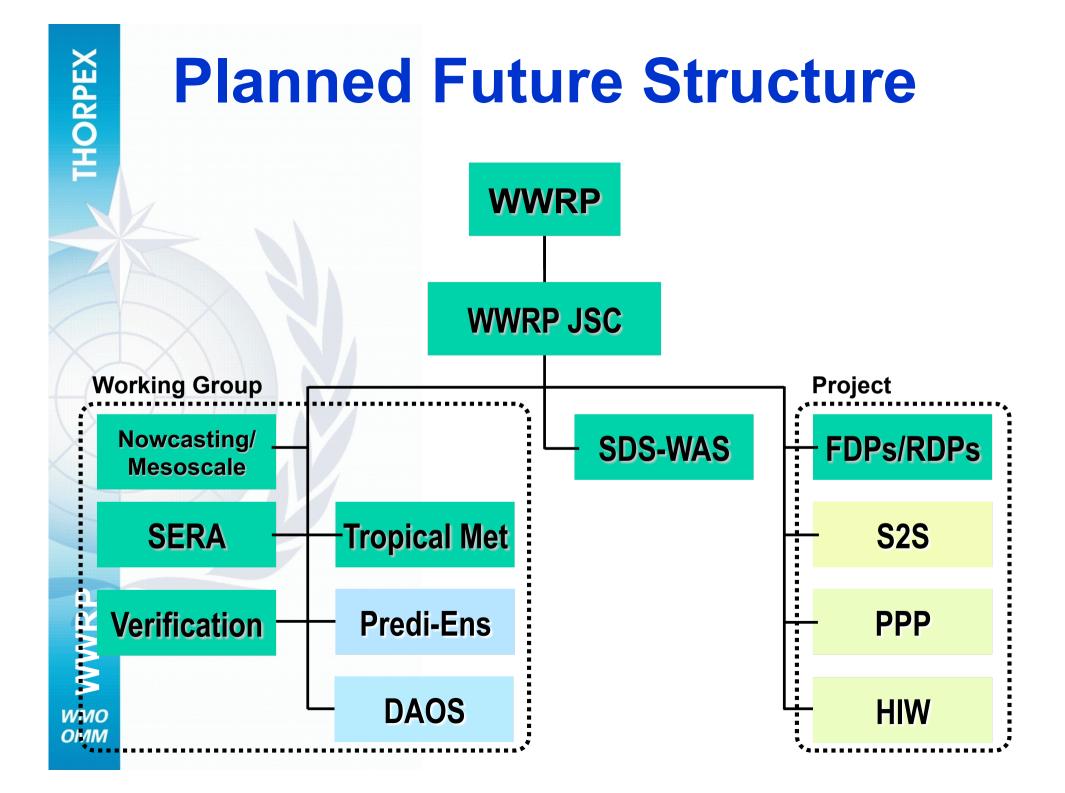
the sub-seasonal to seasonal prediction project (S2S);

the polar prediction project (PPP); and
the new high-impact weather (HIW) prediction project.



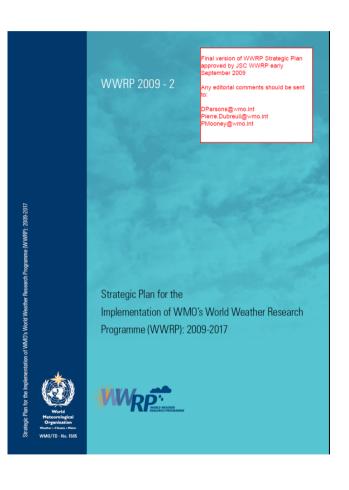






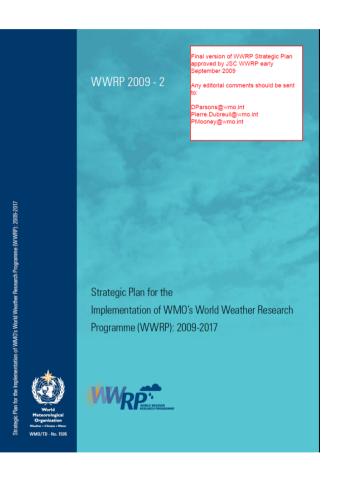
WWRP Strategic Plan

- Implementation activities outlined in the first Strategic Plan address cross cutting activities at the interface of:
 - nowcasting-mesoscale;
 - mesoscale-global;
 - weather-climate prediction research.
 - research-operations that are related to the delivery of a weather and climate services:
 - ensemble weather prediction systems;
 - tropical convection;
 - sub-seasonal to seasonal prediction;
 - polar prediction.



WWRP Strategic Plan: on good track!

- Implementation activities outlined in the first Strategic Plan address cross cutting activities at the interface of:
 - nowcasting-mesoscale (HIW, PPP);
 - mesoscale-global (HIW, PPP);
 - weather-climate prediction research (PPP, S2S).
 - research-operations that are related to the delivery of a weather and climate services:
 - ensemble weather prediction systems (HIW, PPP, S2S);
 - tropical convection (HIW, S2S);
 - sub-seasonal to seasonal prediction (S2S);
 - polar prediction (PPP).



The WWRP Polar Prediction Project

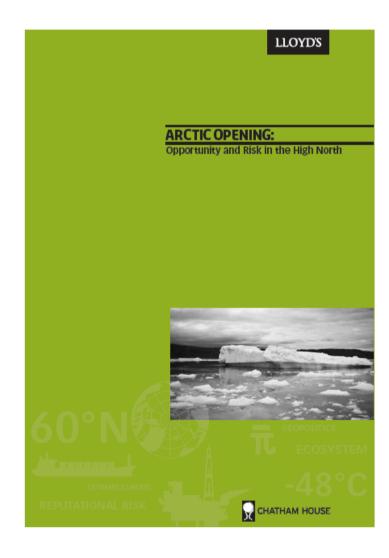
THORPEX

Acknowledgement: Thomas Jung Chair of the WWRP Polar Prediction Project Alfred Wegener Institute

Arctic Climate Change: Opportunities and Risks

Excerpts from Lloyd's report:

- The Arctic is likely to attract substantial investment over the coming decade (\$100 bn)
- The environmental consequences of disasters in the Arctic are likely to be worse than in other regions
- Significant knowledge gaps across the Arctic need to be closed urgently



Background

Month	Milestones
Nov 2009	CAS recommends IPY legacy project
Oct 2010	WWRP and WCRP workshops in Norway
Sep 2011	Endorsement of PPP through THORPEX ICSC
Sep 2011	Formation of PPP steering group
Dec 2011	1 st PPP steering group meeting (implementation plan)
Mar 2012	2 nd PPP steering group meeting (implementation and science plan)
Jun 2012	Approval of PPP through WMO EC
Dec 2012	3 rd PPP steering group meeting (further Project planning)

WWO MWRP

WWRP-PPP Steering Group

- Thomas Jung (chair)
- Peter Bauer
- Chris Fairall
- David Bromwich
- Trond Iversen
- Marika Holland
- Brian Mills
- Pertti Nurmi
- Ian Renfrew
- Gregory Smith
- Gunilla Svensson
- Mikhail Tolstykh
- Paco Doblas Reyes (ex-officio)
- Peter Lemke (ex-officio)
- Neil Gordon (WMO consultant)



Mission Statement

"Promote cooperative international research enabling development of improved weather and environmental prediction services for the polar regions, on time scales from hourly to seasonal"

An important addition:

"This constitutes the hourly to seasonal research component of the WMO Global Integrated Polar Prediction System (GIPPS)"

Forecasting System Research

Research Areas



THORPEX

Observations

Modelling

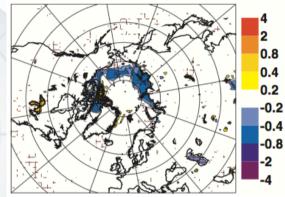
Data Assimilation

Ensemble Forecasting

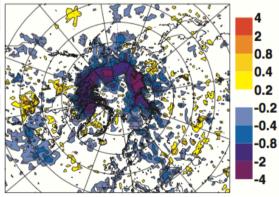
Role of Sea Ice in Medium-Range Weather Forecasting

T2m Difference: Observed Minus Persisted Sea Ice

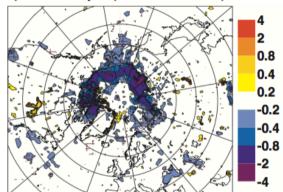
a) Forecast Day +2 (20111001-20111031)



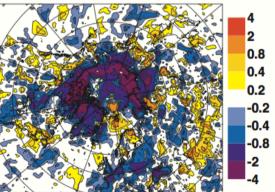
c) Forecast Day +7 (20111001-20111031)



b) Forecast Day +5 (20111001-20111031)

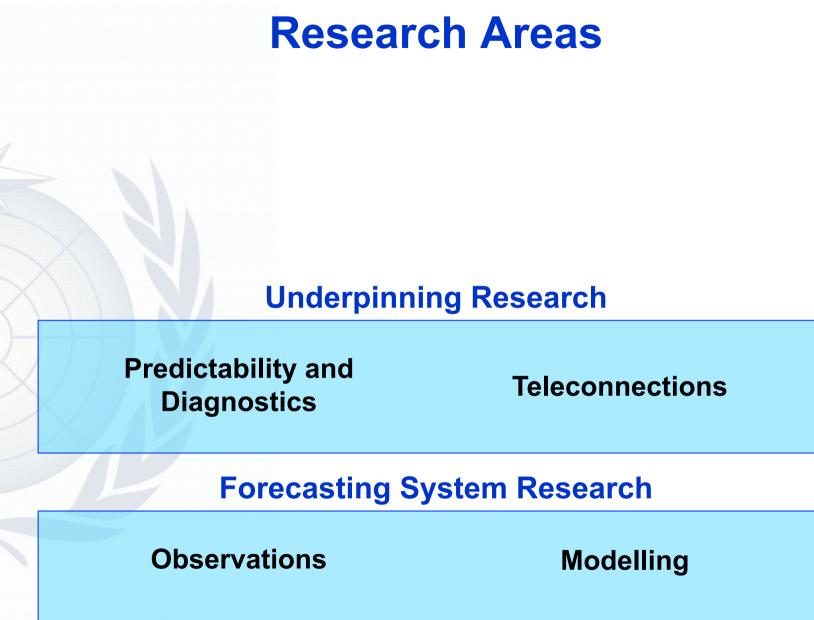


d) Forecast Day +10 (20111001-20111031)



WWO WWRP

Figure courtesy of P. Bauer (ECMWF)



Data Assimilation

THORPEX

WWRP

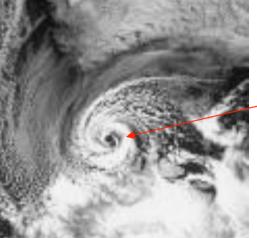
WMO OMM **Ensemble Forecasting**

PROBLEMS OF POLAR RESEARCH:

ORPEX Predominance of meso-scale phenomena and smallerscale systems with rapid development (polar lows, lowlevel fronts and jets, etc)



Polar low: the arctic hurricane



Eve

Less skilful numerical predictions than at mid-latitudes and in the tropics

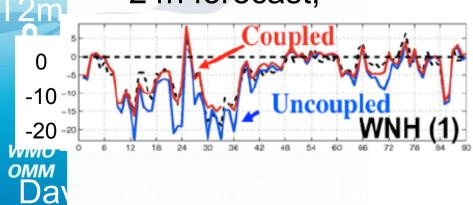
PROBLEMS OF POLAR RESEARCH: Insufficient knowledge of physical processes



- stable boundary layers
- polar clouds and precipitation
- sea ice/ocean dynamics
- hydrology
- permafrost
- ice sheet dynamics

Strong coupling of atmosphere, land, ice, and ocean

24h forecast,



Regional coupled atmosphere-ocean-ice modelling system (CMC) for the Gulf of St. Lawrence *Faucher (2011)*

Research Areas

Service-oriented Research

Societal and Economic Research Applications (SERA)

Verification

Underpinning Research

Predictability and Diagnostics

Teleconnections

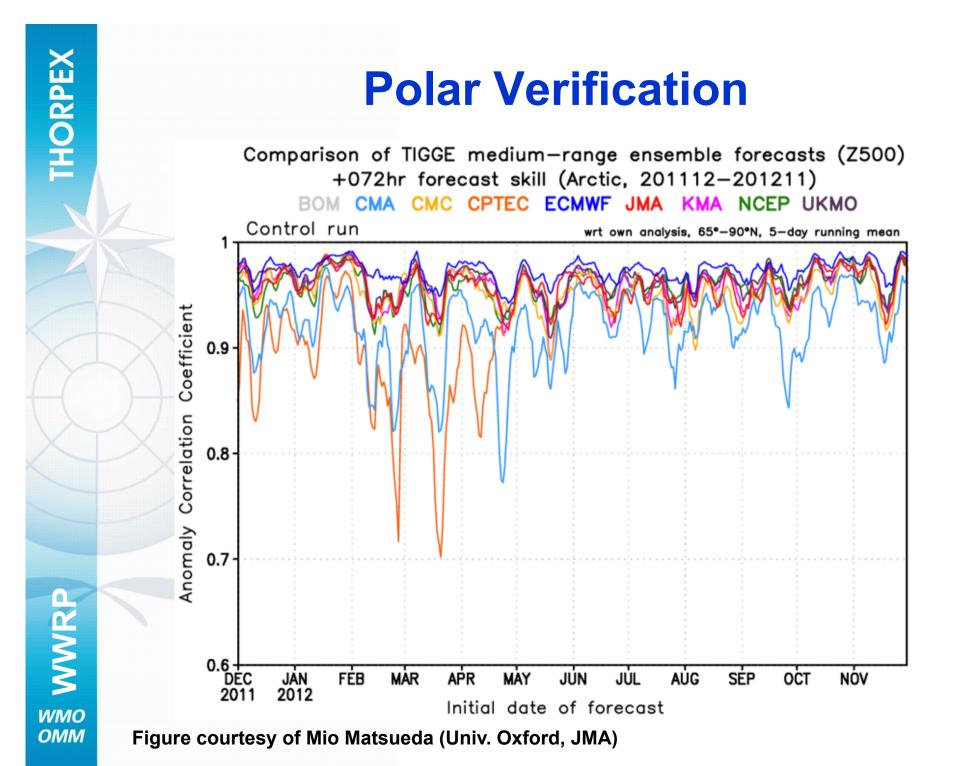
Forecasting System Research

Observations

Modelling

Data Assimilation

Ensemble Forecasting



Year of Polar Prediction (YOPP)

Aims:

Intensive observational and modelling period to advance polar prediction capabilities

- Research into forecast-stakeholder interaction
- Enhanced verification
- Education of students and early career scientists (APECS)

Important:

- Engagement of other committees
- Alignment with other (planned) activities such as MOSAiC

WWW MWRP

YOPP: Time line

Preparation Phase 2012-2016

YOPP 2017-2018

Consolidation Phase 2018-2022

- Community engagement
- Gap analysis
- Implementation plan
- Explore means of funding

- Data denial experiments
- YOPP special issue

....

- Establish YOPP data centre
- Operational implementation

THORPEX

Next steps

Month	Milestones
Jun 2013	Publication of the Implementation Plan and Science Plan
Jun 2013	Launch of the ICO (awaiting approval)
Jun 2013	Launch of PPP website
Jun 2013	ECMWF-WWRP/THORPEX Polar Prediction Workshop
Jun 2013	1 st YOPP planning meeting
Oct 2013	4 th PPP steering committee meeting

WWRP-PPP Plans

WWRP/PPP No. 1 - 2013

WWRP Polar Prediction Project Science Plan





WWRP

WMO OMM

THORPEX

WKP THORPEX





WWRP/PPP No. 2 - 2013

WWRP Polar Prediction Project Implementation Plan



WCRP Polar Climate Predictability Initiative and WWRP

Leads: Ted Shepherd and Cecilia Bitz



Improve knowledge and understanding of past polar climate variability: Julia Jones and Sarah Gille Assess reanalyses in polar regions: Dave Bromwich and Jim Renwick Jointly with PPP

Improve understanding: of polar climate predictability: John Fyfe and Ed Hawkins Jointly with PPP

WWRP WWRP Assess performance of CMIP5 models in polar regions: Hugues Goosse and Jennifer Key

Model error in polar regions: Gunilla Svensson and Markus Jochum

Jointly with PPP

Improve understanding how jets and non-zonal circulation influences the Southern Hemisphere: Marilyn Raphael and Gareth Marshall

WMO/WWRP/THORPEX World Weather Open Science Conference 17 – 21 August 2014, Montréal, Canada Scientific Program

The overarching theme of the OSC is **Seamless Prediction of the Earth System: from minutes to months**. The science presented at the conference will range from basic research that extends our knowledge of processes and methods to the applied research required to put the prediction system together and assess the impacts of weather and climate events.

The scientific program will be organized around five science themes:

- Data Assimilation and Observations;
- Predictability and Dynamical/Physical/Chemical Processes;
- Interactions between sub-systems;
- Prediction of the Earth system: putting it all together;
- Impacts of weather and climate events (joint session with UPC)

A particular focus will be given also to major cross cutting themes, such as ensemble prediction.

International Organizing Committee (IOC) co-chairs: M. Béland and A. Thorpe Science Programme Committee (SPC):

Co-chairs

Gilbert Brunet (Met Office, UK; gilbert.brunet@metoffice.gov.uk) Sarah Jones (DWD, Germany; Sarah.Jones@dwd.de)

Data Assimilation and Observations

Eugenia Kalnay (U. of Maryland, USA; ekalnay@atmos.umd.edu) Yoshiaki Sato (JMA, Japan; y-sato@met.kishou.go.jp) Roger Saunders (UK; roger.saunders@metoffice.gov.uk)

•Predictability and Dynamical/Physical/Chemical Processes

Heini Wernli (ETH, Switzerland; heini.wernli@env.ethz.ch) David Parsons (U. of Oklahoma, USA; dparsons@ou.edu)

Interactions between sub-systems

Andreas Schiller (CSIRO, Australia; andreas.schiller@csiro.au) Gianpaolo Balsamo (ECMWF; gianpaolo.balsamo@ecmw.int) Oystein Hov (NMI, Norway; oysteinh@met.no)

•Prediction of the Earth system: putting it all together

Philippe Bougeault (Météo-France France; Philippe.Bougeault@meteo.fr) Beth Ebert (BOM, Australia; e.ebert@bom.gov.au) Martin Miller (ECMWF, UK; Martin.Miller@ecmwf.int) Marty Ralph (ESRL, USA; marty.ralph@noaa.gov)

•Impacts of weather and climate events (joint session with UPC)

Johnny Chan (U. of Hong Kong, China; johnny.chan@cityu.edu.hk) Walter Dabbert (Vaisala Inc., USA; Walter.Dabberdt@vaisala.com)

WWO WWRP



Thank you! Merci!